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KEY=ECONOMICS - ESTHER JONAH

ECONOMICS

PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICES

PLANNING CONSULTANTS AND COMPREHENSIVE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PLANNING, GLENCOE, MINNESOTA, NOVEMBER 30, 1966

THE STATE AND ECONOMIC KNOWLEDGE

THE AMERICAN AND BRITISH EXPERIENCES

Cambridge University Press This book addresses an important but inadequately recognized dimension of the activities of the modern state--the role it plays in producing the theoretical and practical knowledge necessary for economic policy making. Over time, governments in modern societies have assumed the ultimate responsibility for ensuring the economic well-being of their citizens and for protecting their competitive positions in the international economy. To perform their various coordinating functions effectively, and to maintain legitimacy, governments have found it necessary to rely on accurate information regarding economic conditions and trends, and on empirically based theories or models that allow officials to anticipate the economy's performance under specified conditions. The traditional assumption, which this collection of essays challenges, is that despite this profound dependence governments have generally acted as passive consumers of whatever ideas economists in the private sector and professions had to offer. This book brings together papers that reveal the ways in which modern states have helped to generate new economic knowledge and how that process interacts with economic changes, specific political institutions and ideological contexts.

THE ECONOMY OF BRITISH AMERICA, 1607-1789

UNC Press Books By the American Revolution, the farmers and city-dwellers of British America had achieved, individually and collectively, considerable prosperity. The nature and extent of that success are still unfolding. In this first comprehensive assessment of where research on prerevolutionary economy stands, what it seeks to achieve, and how it might best proceed, the authors discuss those areas in which traditional work remains to be done and address new possibilities for a 'new economic history.'

ESSAYS ON ECONOMICS AND ECONOMISTS

University of Chicago Press How do economists tackle the problems of the economic system and give advice on public policy? Nobel laureate R.H. Coase reflects on some of the most fundamental concerns of economists over the past two centuries. In 15 essays, Coase explore the history and philosophy of economics and evaluates the contributions of a number of outstanding figures.

ECONOMICS

AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS RESEARCH

PRINCIPLES OF ECONOMICS 2E

TAE TEEN HEALTH CRSE1 BLD LIFE MGMT SKIL

ECONOMICS

PRINCIPLES, PROBLEMS, AND POLICIES

Macmillan/McGraw-Hill School

SOCIAL STRUCTURE AND MOBILITY IN ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Routledge The foundation of this volume is the notion that the several processes of change constituting economic and social development are systematically interrelated. The essence of development is the appearance of rapid rates of increases in many different indices--output per capita, political participation, literacy and the like. These quantitative changes are, however, commonly accompanied by vast changes in the social structure--markets emerge, political bureaucracies arise, and new educational systems appear. Written by the leading authorities on the subject, this group of papers tackles the causes and consequences of social mobility. Each author brings his particular skills to bear on various aspects of the problem in studies of persons moving from rural to urban settings, from one kind of industry to another and from one prestige level to another. Several of the papers review the theoretical and methodological issues involved in comparative research on social mobility while others compare and contrast traditional and modern stratification systems. Various papers explore the economic, religious and psychological basis of social mobility, concluding with enquiry into the consequences of rapid mobility, especially in terms of the political stability of developing nations. Because social mobility is a central consideration in any study of economic and social change, every student of change will use this pioneering reference source as a text for all future research. Contributors include Otis Dudley Duncan, Harold L. Wilensky, Michael G. Smith, Bert F. Hoselitz, Wilbert E. Moore, Natalie Rogoff Rams^oy, Gideon Sjoberg, Reinhard Bendix, Harry Crockett, David Matza, Lester Seligman, and Gino Germani. Neil J. Smelser is emeritus professor, Department of Sociology, University of California, Berkeley. Seymour Martin Lipset was professor of sociology and director of the Institute of International Studies at the University of California, Berkeley.

THE SOCIAL SCIENCE ENCYCLOPEDIA

Routledge The Social Science Encyclopedia, first published in 1985 to acclaim from social scientists, librarians and students, was thoroughly revised in 1996, when reviewers began to describe it as a classic. This third edition has been radically recast. Over half the entries are new or have been entirely rewritten, and most of the balance have been substantially revised. Written by an international team of contributors, the Encyclopedia offers a global perspective on key issues within the social sciences. Some 500 entries cover a variety of enduring and newly vital areas of study and research methods. Experts review theoretical debates from neo-evolutionism and rational choice theory to poststructuralism, and address the great questions that cut across the social sciences. What is the influence of genes on behaviour? What is the nature of consciousness and cognition? What are the causes of poverty and wealth? What are the roots of conflict, wars, revolutions and genocidal violence? This authoritative reference work is aimed at anyone with a serious interest in contemporary academic thinking about the individual in society.

DICTIONARY CATALOG OF THE NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL LIBRARY, 1862-1965

CHRISTIAN ECONOMICS

STUDIES IN THE CHRISTIAN MESSAGE TO THE MARKET PLACE

RELATIONSHIP ECONOMICS

THE SOCIAL CAPITAL PARADIGM AND ITS APPLICATION TO BUSINESS, POLITICS AND OTHER TRANSACTIONS

CRC Press In a 24/7 world and a global economy, there is no doubt that relationships impact virtually every economic transaction. In *Relationship Economics*, Lindon Robison and Bryan Ritchie argue that what needs to be understood is not just whether relationships matter (which, of course, they do), but also, how much, and in what circumstances they should matter. Providing a rigorous and measurable definition of the way that relationships among individuals create a capital, social capital, that can be saved, spent, and used like other forms of capital, Robison and Ritchie use numerous examples and insightful analysis, to explain how social capital shapes our ability to reduce poverty, understand corruption, encourage democracy, facilitate income equality, and respond to globalization. The first part of the book explains how social capital can be manipulated, stored, expended, and invested. The second part explores how levels of social capital within relationships influence economic transactions both positively and negatively, which in turn shape poverty levels, economic efficiency, levels and types of political participation, and institutional structures.

PAUL SAMUELSON ON THE HISTORY OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

SELECTED ESSAYS

Cambridge University Press This collection of writings by Paul Samuelson illustrates the depth and breadth of his contribution to the history of economics.

FREE MARKET ECONOMICS: A SYLLABUS

Ludwig von Mises Institute

AN ECONOMIC PROFILE OF MAINLAND CHINA

MAX WEBER AND THE IDEA OF ECONOMIC SOCIOLOGY

Princeton University Press While most people are familiar with *The Protestant Ethic and the Spirit of Capitalism*, few know that during the last decade of his life Max Weber (1864-1920) also tried to develop a new way of analyzing economic phenomena, which he termed "economic sociology." Indeed, this effort occupies the central place in Weber's thought during the years just before his death. Richard Swedberg here offers a critical presentation and the first major study of this fascinating part of Weber's work. This book shows how Weber laid a solid theoretical foundation for economic sociology and developed a series of new and highly evocative concepts. He not only investigated economic phenomena but also linked them clearly with political, legal, and religious phenomena. Swedberg also demonstrates that Weber's approach to economic sociology addresses a major problem that has haunted economic analysis since the nineteenth century: how to effectively unite an interest-driven type of analysis (popular with economists) with a social one (of course preferred by sociologists). Exploring Weber's views of the economy and how he viewed its relationship to politics, law, and religion, Swedberg furthermore discusses similarities and differences between Weber's economic sociology and present-day thinking on the same topic. In addition, the author shows how economic sociology has recently gained greater credibility as economists and sociologists have begun to collaborate in studying problems of organizations, political structures, social problems, and economic culture more generally. Swedberg's book will be sure to further this new cooperation.

MODERNIZATION, URBANIZATION, AND THE URBAN CRISIS

Transaction Publishers

MONTHLY LABOR REVIEW

Publishes in-depth articles on labor subjects, current labor statistics, information about current labor contracts, and book reviews.

ECONOMIC ANALYSIS OF PUBLIC INVESTMENT DECISIONS

INTEREST RATE POLICY AND DISCOUNTING ANALYSIS : A REPORT OF THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON ECONOMY IN GOVERNMENT OF THE JOINT ECONOMIC COMMITTEE, CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES, TOGETHER WITH SEPARATE AND SUPPLEMENTARY VIEWS

EMPLOYMENT SERVICE REVIEW

STUDIES IN ECONOMICS AND BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

ECONOMICS

PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICES

McGraw-Hill

EFFECTS OF POPULATION GROWTH ON NATURAL RESOURCES AND THE ENVIRONMENT

HEARINGS BEFORE A SUBCOMMITTEE...91-1, SEPTEMBER 15, 16, 1969

THE ECONOMICS OF LABOUR

EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES IN CANADA

ENCYCLOPEDIA OF PHILOSOPHY AND THE SOCIAL SCIENCES

SAGE "This encyclopedia, magnificently edited by Byron Kaldis, will become a valuable source both of reference and inspiration for all those who are interested in the interrelation between philosophy and the many facets of the social sciences. A must read for every student of the humanities."--Wulf Gaertner, University of Osnabrueck, Germany "Byron Kaldis' Encyclopedia of Philosophy and the Social Sciences is a triumph. The entries are consistently good, the coverage is amazing, and he has managed to involve the whole scholarly community in this field. It shows off the field very well, and will be a magnificent resource for students and others." -- Stephen Turner, USF, USA " Like all good works of reference this Encyclopedia of Philosophy and the Social Sciences is not to be treated passively: it provides clear and sometimes controversial material for constructive confrontation. It is a rich resource for critical engagement. The Encyclopedia conceived and edited by Byron Kaldis is a work of impressive scope and I am delighted to have it on my bookshelf."-- David Bloor, Edinburgh, UK "This splendid and possibly unique work steers a skilful course between narrower conceptions of philosophy and the social sciences. It will be an invaluable resource for students and researchers in either or both fields, and to anyone working on the interrelations between them." -- William Outhwaite, Newcastle, UK "A work of vast scope and widely gathered expertise, the Encyclopedia of Philosophy and the Social Sciences is a splendid resource for anyone interested in the interface between philosophy and the social sciences." --Nicholas Rescher, Pittsburgh This encyclopedia is the first of its kind in bringing together philosophy and the social sciences. It is not only about the philosophy of the social sciences but, going beyond that, it is also about the relationship between philosophy and the social sciences. The subject of this encyclopedia is purposefully multi- and inter-disciplinary. Knowledge boundaries are both delineated and crossed over. The goal is to convey a clear sense of how philosophy looks at the social sciences and to mark out a detailed picture of how the two are interrelated: interwoven at certain times but also differentiated and contrasted at others. The Entries cover topics of central significance but also those that are both controversial and on the cutting-edge, underlining the unique mark of this Encyclopedia: the interrelationship between philosophy and the social sciences, especially as it is found in fresh ideas and unprecedented hybrid disciplinary areas. The Encyclopedia serves a further dual purpose: it contributes to the renewal of the philosophy of the social sciences and helps to promote novel modes of thinking about some of its classic problems. "The Encyclopedia of Philosophy and the Social Sciences edited by Byron Kaldis, provides a unique, needed, and invaluable resource for researchers at every level. Unique because nothing else offers the breadth of coverage found in this work; needed because it permits researchers to find longer but also relatively brief, clear, but nonetheless expert articles introducing important topics; and invaluable because of the guidance offered to both related topics and further study. It should be the place that any interested person looks first when seeking to learn about philosophy and

the social sciences." Paul Roth, UC Santa Cruz, USA "The Encyclopedia of Philosophy and the Social Sciences edited by Byron Kaldis covers an enormous range of topics in philosophy and the social sciences and the entries are compact overviews of the essential issues" Harold Kincaid, University of Alabama at Birmingham, USA

CONTEMPORARY ECONOMISTS IN PERSPECTIVE

Jai Press

THE COLLECTED ECONOMIC ESSAYS OF RICHARD A. POSNER

MAX WEBER'S ECONOMIC ETHIC OF THE WORLD RELIGIONS

Cambridge University Press This book identifies what is living and what is dead in Max Weber's analyses of China, India and Ancient Israel.

EFFECTS OF POPULATION GROWTH ON NATURAL RESOURCES AND THE ENVIRONMENT

HEARINGS BEFORE A SUBCOMMITTEE OF THE COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, NINETY-FIRST CONGRESS, FIRST SESSION. SEPTEMBER 15 AND 16, 1969

THE PROBLEM OF THE MULTIPLE INTERPRETATIONS OF RICARDO

Jai Press This volume investigates the leading interpretations of Ricardo and the problem of multiple interpretation. The analysis reveals that the literary style of Ricardo and the difficulty of his subject matter contribute to the multiplicity of interpretation.

BASIC ECONOMIC PRINCIPLES

ECONOMICS: TODAY AND TOMORROW, STUDENT EDITION

McGraw-Hill Education In-depth coverage of the new economy and the impact of the digital revolution are included, along with features from BusinessWeek and exclusive analysis and information from Standard & Poor's.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND SOCIAL CHANGE IN SICILY

Transaction Publishers

A.V. CHAYANOV ON THE THEORY OF PEASANT ECONOMY

Univ of Wisconsin Press The work of A. V. Chayanov is today drawing more attention among Western scholars than ever before. Largely ignored in his native Russia because they differed from Marxist-Leninist theory, and neglected in the West for more than forty years, Chayanov's sophisticated theories were at last published in English in 1966. That trenchant is reprinted in this Wisconsin paperback edition, which includes a new introduction by the sociologist Teodor Shanin, of the University of Manchester, one of the world's leading Chayanov scholars. The Wisconsin edition will be essential reading for political scientists, anthropologists, and all whose interests include peasant studies, Third World development, and women's studies. "The past two decades have seen the emergence of a whole new field called 'peasant studies' and, along with those of Karl Marx, Chayanov's ideas have been central to its development. . . . The publishers are to be commended for re-issuing the book with both old and new introductions and making it available as an affordable paperback for students. The work is a classic."—Times Higher Education Supplement

SOCIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS

Contains more than 300,000 records covering sociology, social work, and other social sciences. Covers 1963 to the present. Updated six times per year.

SOVIET RUSSIA: STRATEGIC SURVEY

A BIBLIOGRAPHY

THE INFORMAL ECONOMY IN GLOBAL PERSPECTIVE

VARIETIES OF GOVERNANCE

Springer This book critically engages with how formal and informal mechanisms of governance are used across the world. Specifically, it analyzes how the governance mechanisms of formal institutions are questioned, challenged and renegotiated through informal institutions. Whilst there is an emerging body of scholarship focusing on informal practices, this is scattered across a number of disciplines. This edited collection, by contrast, fosters a dialogue on these issues, moving away from monodisciplinary and normative methodologies that view informal institutions and practices simply as temporary economic phenomena. In doing so, the authors provide a wider understanding of how governance is composed of both the formal and the informal, which complement each other but are also constantly in competition. This novel approach will appeal to social scientists, economists, policy-makers, practitioners, and anyone else willing to widen their understanding of how governance works.